



**Fourth Quarter &  
Fiscal Year 2019  
Financial Results**

January 28, 2020

# Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this document constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can identify forward-looking statements by words such as “may,” “hope,” “will,” “should,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “believe,” “estimate,” “predict,” “project,” “potential,” “seek,” “continue,” “could,” “would,” “future” or the negative of those terms or other words of similar meaning. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they discuss our future expectations or state other “forward-looking” information. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to anticipated future operating and financial performance measures, including net interest margin, credit quality, business initiatives, growth opportunities and growth rates, among other things, and encompass any estimate, prediction, expectation, projection, opinion, anticipation, outlook or statement of belief included therein as well as the management assumptions underlying these forward-looking statements. You should be aware that the occurrence of the events described under the caption “Risk Factors” in Trustmark’s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission could have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Should one or more of these risks materialize, or should any such underlying assumptions prove to be significantly different, actual results may vary significantly from those anticipated, estimated, projected or expected.

Risks that could cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations of Management include, but are not limited to, changes in the level of nonperforming assets and charge-offs, local, state and national economic and market conditions, including potential market impacts of efforts by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (FRB) to reduce the size of its balance sheet, conditions in the housing and real estate markets in the regions in which Trustmark operates and the extent and duration of the current volatility in the credit and financial markets as well as crude oil prices, changes in our ability to measure the fair value of assets in our portfolio, material changes in the level and/or volatility of market interest rates, the performance and demand for the products and services we offer, including the level and timing of withdrawals from our deposit accounts, the costs and effects of litigation and of unexpected or adverse outcomes in such litigation, our ability to attract noninterest-bearing deposits and other low-cost funds, competition in loan and deposit pricing, as well as the entry of new competitors into our markets through de novo expansion and acquisitions, economic conditions, including the potential impact of issues relating to the European financial system and monetary and other governmental actions designed to address credit, securities, and/or commodity markets, the enactment of legislation and changes in existing regulations or enforcement practices or the adoption of new regulations, changes in accounting standards and practices, including changes in the interpretation of existing standards, that affect our consolidated financial statements, changes in consumer spending, borrowings and savings habits, technological changes, changes in the financial performance or condition of our borrowers, changes in our ability to control expenses, greater than expected costs or difficulties related to the integration of acquisitions or new products and lines of business, cyber-attacks and other breaches which could affect our information system security, natural disasters, environmental disasters, acts of war or terrorism, and other risks described in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any of this information, whether as the result of new information, future events or developments or otherwise.

# Financial Highlights

Improved earning asset mix, continued loan growth and solid credit quality

## Profitable Revenue Generation

- ✓ LHFI increased \$499.8 million, or 5.7%, Y-o-Y
- ✓ Net interest income (FTE), excluding acquired loans, totaled \$431.1 million in 2019, up 3.9% from the prior year
- ✓ The net interest margin (FTE), excluding acquired loans, expanded to 3.58% in 2019 from 3.46% in 2018
- ✓ Revenue, excluding interest and fees on acquired loans and negative hedge ineffectiveness, totaled \$616.8 million, up 5.5% from the prior year

## Expense Management

- ✓ In 2019, core noninterest expense, which excludes ORE and intangible amortization, totaled \$421.0 million, up 3.1% from the prior year

## Credit Quality

- ✓ Credit quality remained solid; nonperforming assets declined 14.4% year-over-year
- ✓ Net charge-offs represented 0.06% of average loans in 2019

## Capital Management

- ✓ Repurchased \$56.6 million, or approximately 1.8 million shares, of common stock in 2019
- ✓ At year-end, \$80.3 million in remaining authority under existing stock repurchase program, which expires March 31, 2020
- ✓ Board authorized additional \$100 million share repurchase program effective April 1, 2020, which expires December 31, 2021

At December 31, 2019	
Total Assets	\$13.5 billion
Total Loans (LHFI and Acquired)	\$9.4 billion
Total Deposits	\$11.2 billion
Banking Centers	193

	Q4-19	Years-Ended	
		2019	2018
Net Inc. (millions)	\$33.9	\$150.5	\$149.6
EPS – Diluted	\$0.53	\$2.32	\$2.21
ROAA	1.00%	1.11%	1.11%
ROATCE	10.85%	12.45%	12.86%
Dividends / Share	\$0.23	\$0.92	\$0.92
TCE/TA	9.72%	9.72%	9.31%

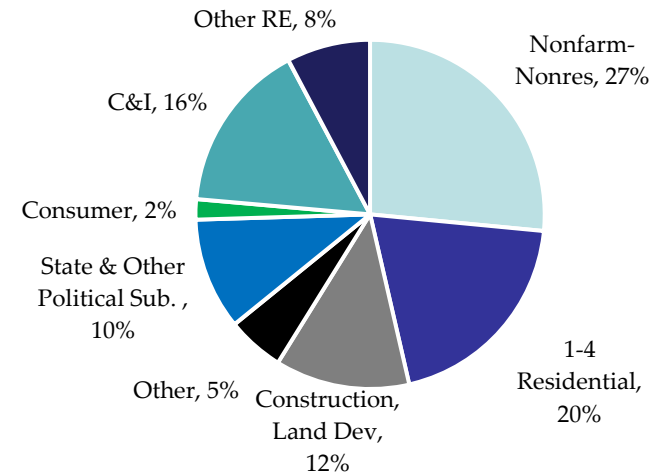
Source: Company reports

# Loans Held for Investment (LHFI) Portfolio

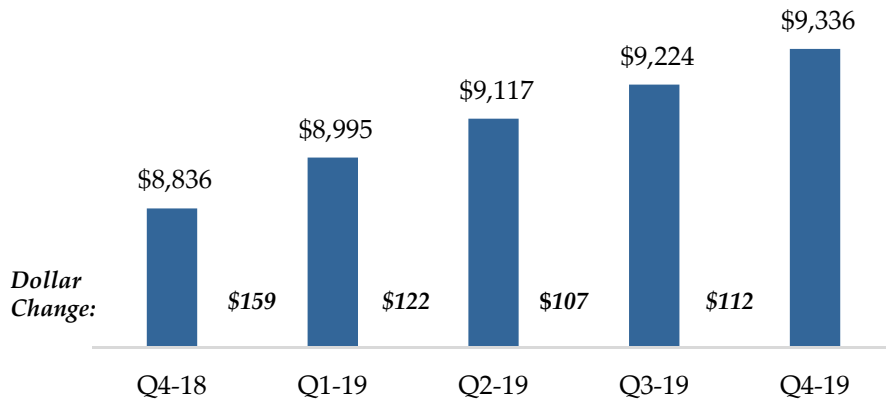
Focus on profitable, credit-disciplined loan growth continued

Type	LHFI - (\$ in millions)		Change	
	12/31/2019	LQ	Y-o-Y	
Loans secured by real estate:				
Const., land dev. and other land loans	\$ 1,163	\$ 27	\$ 106	
Secured by 1-4 family residential prop.	1,856	35	30	
Secured by nonfarm, nonresidential prop.	2,475	33	254	
Other real estate secured	724	56	181	
Commercial and industrial loans	1,478	(13)	(61)	
Consumer loans	176	(1)	(7)	
State and other political subdivision loans	968	(11)	(6)	
Other loans	496	(14)	2	
<b>Total Loans HFI</b>	<b>\$ 9,336</b>	<b>\$ 112</b>	<b>\$ 500</b>	

## Loan Portfolio Composition 12/31/19



## LHFI by Quarter



✓ Trustmark has no loan exposure in which the source of repayment or the underlying security of such exposure is tied to the realization of value from energy reserves

- Total energy-related sector exposure of \$365.9 million with outstanding balances of \$122.9 million – representing 1.3% of total LHFI – at December 31, 2019
- At December 31, 2019, nonaccrual energy-related loans represented 8.6% of outstanding energy-related loans and 11 basis points of outstanding LHFI

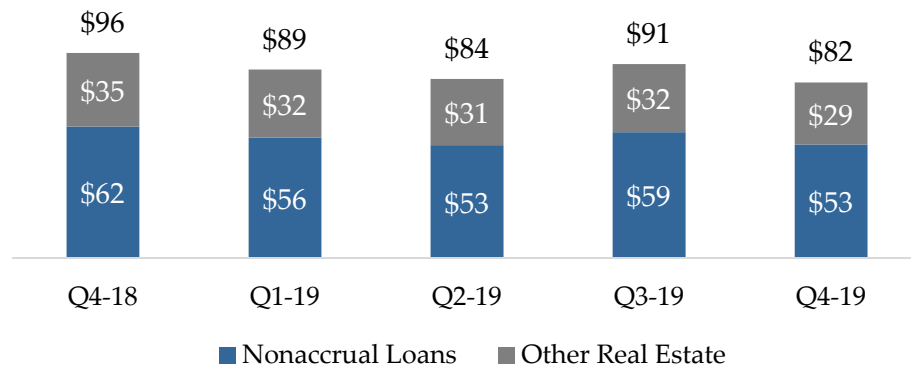
Source: Company reports

# Credit Risk Management

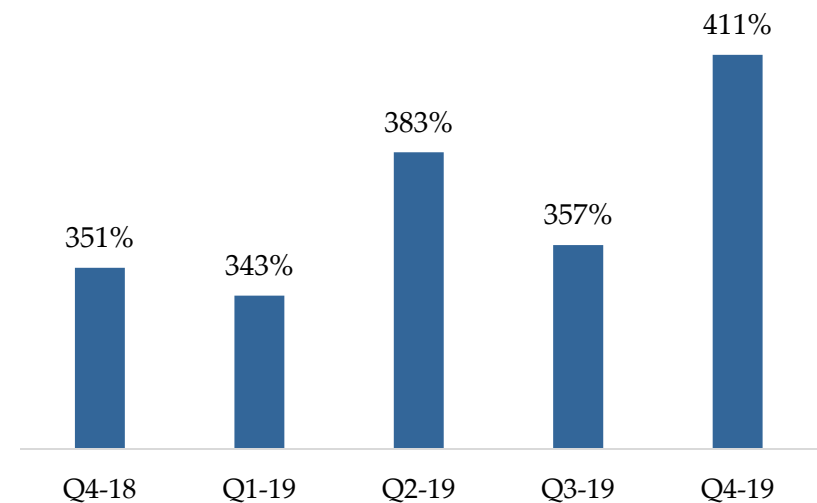
## Solid asset quality metrics

- ✓ Nonperforming loans decreased 9.8% and 13.6% from the prior quarter and year-over-year, respectively
- ✓ Other real estate declined 8.5% from the prior quarter and 15.6% year-over-year
- ✓ Allowance for loan losses represented 410.5% of nonperforming loans, excluding specifically reviewed impaired loans

**Nonperforming Assets**  
(in millions)



**Allowance for Loan Losses/NPLs<sup>(1)</sup>**



Source: Company reports

Noted: Unless noted otherwise, credit metrics exclude acquired loans and other real estate covered by FDIC loss-share agreement

(1) NPLs excludes specifically reviewed impaired loans

# Current Expected Credit Losses (CECL) Implementation

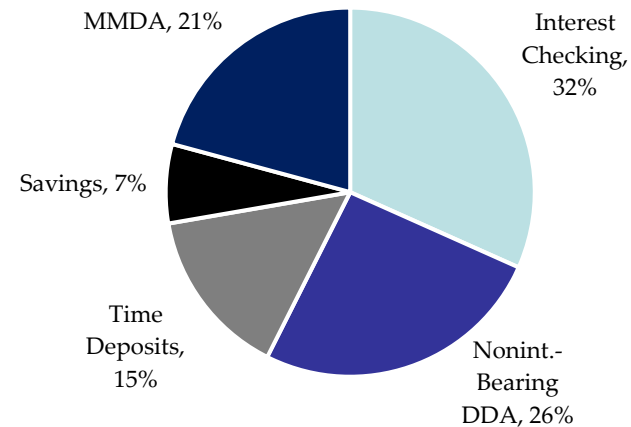
- ✓ Life-of-loan reserves will be driven by:
  - Portfolio Characteristics
  - Risk Ratings
  - Economic Outlook
- ✓ Most Significant Impacts:
  - Economic forecasts and uncertainty
  - Unfunded Commitment exposure
- ✓ Comparison of Reserves on the adoption date of CECL (January 1, 2020):
  - Historical reserve levels at December 31, 2019 totaled \$85 million
  - Preliminary accumulated credit loss reserves under CECL are estimated to range between \$95 million to \$120 million at January 1, 2020
- ✓ Preliminary reserves dependent on:
  - Further refinement based on continuing reviews
  - Testing and finalization of internal controls to ensure model effectiveness
  - Management's judgements
  - Current and forecasted macroeconomic conditions
  - Composition of the loan portfolio at the time of adoption

Source: Company reports

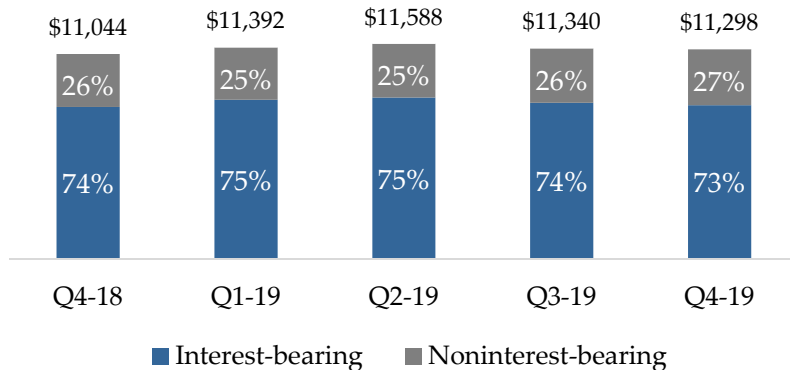
# Attractive, Low-Cost Deposit Base

Type	Deposits - (\$ in millions)		Change	
	12/31/2019	LQ	Y-o-Y	
Interest Checking	\$ 3,593	\$ 185	\$ 61	
Noninterest Bearing DDA	2,891	(173)	104	
Time Deposits	1,638	(54)	(255)	
Savings	807	4	(9)	
MMDA	2,317	28	388	
<b>Total Deposits</b>	<b>\$ 11,246</b>	<b>\$ (9)</b>	<b>\$ (118)</b>	

Deposit Mix by Type 12/31/19<sup>(1)</sup>



Deposit Mix – Average Balance Q4-19  
(\$ in millions)

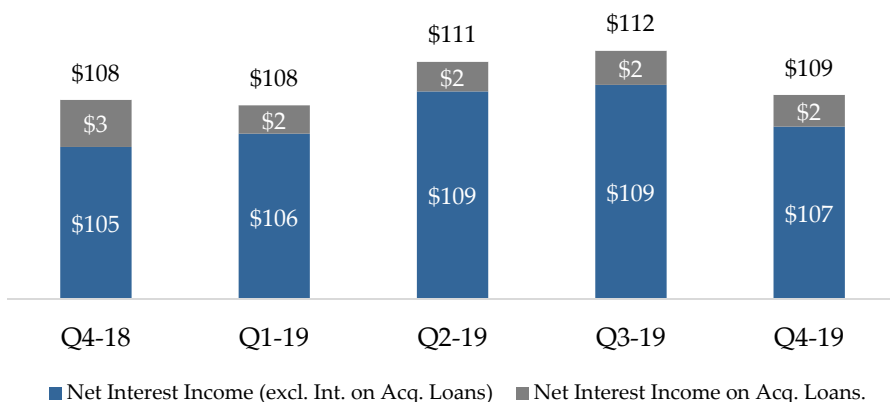


- ✓ Deposits totaled \$11.2 billion at December 31, 2019, unchanged from the prior quarter and down \$118.9 million, or 1.0%, from the prior year
- ✓ Excluding public fund balances, deposits at December 31, 2019, were unchanged from the prior quarter and up \$303.6 million, or 3.3%, from the prior year
- ✓ Cost of interest bearing deposits in the fourth quarter totaled 0.85%, down 11 basis points from the prior quarter

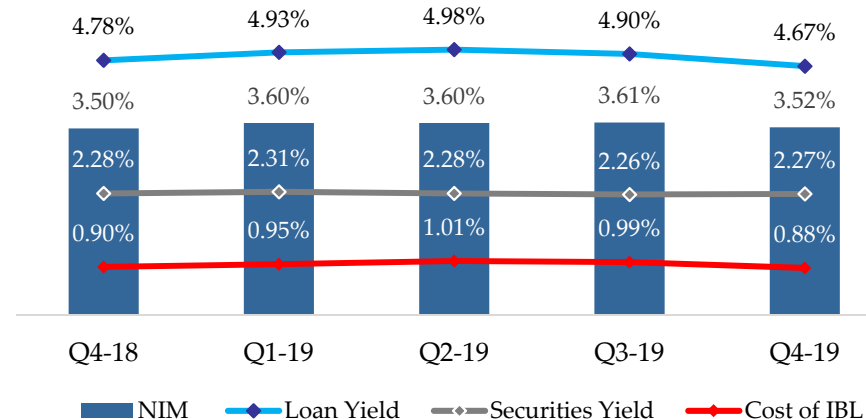
Source: Company reports  
(1) Percentages may not sum to 100% due to rounding

# Income Statement Highlights – Net Interest Income

**Net Interest Income – FTE<sup>(1)</sup>**  
(\$ in millions)



**Yields and Costs<sup>(2)</sup>**



- ✓ Net interest income (FTE), excluding acquired loans, totaled \$106.6 million in the fourth quarter, resulting in a net interest margin of 3.52%.
- ✓ In 2019, net interest income (FTE), excluding acquired loans, totaled \$431.1 million, an increase of 3.9% from the prior year.
- ✓ The net interest margin (FTE), excluding acquired loans, was 3.58% in 2019, compared to 3.46% in 2018.

Source: Company reports

(1) Totals may not foot due to rounding

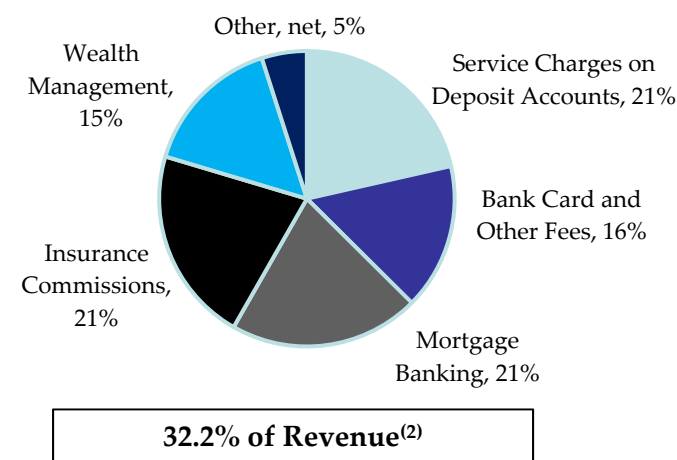
(2) Loan Yield and NIM exclude acquired loans



# Income Statement Highlights – Noninterest Income

Noninterest Income - (\$ in millions)			Change	
	Q4-19	2019 <sup>(1)</sup>	LQ	'18-'19
Service Charges on Deposit Accounts	\$ 10.9	\$ 42.6	\$ (0.2)	\$ (1.1)
Bank Card and Other Fees	8.2	31.7	(0.2)	2.8
Mortgage Banking (before neg. hedge ineff.)	10.9	41.3	(1.0)	9.1
Insurance Commissions	9.4	42.4	(1.7)	1.9
Wealth Management	7.8	30.7	0.1	0.3
Other, net	3.5	9.8	1.5	3.1
Noninterest Income (before neg. hedge ineff.)	\$ 50.6	\$ 198.6	\$ (1.5)	\$ 16.1
Net (negative) hedge ineff.	(3.0)	(11.5)	0.8	(13.9)
<b>Total Noninterest Income</b>	<b>\$ 47.6</b>	<b>\$ 187.0</b>	<b>\$ (0.8)</b>	<b>\$ 2.2</b>

Noninterest Income – 2019



- ✓ Noninterest income before negative hedge ineffectiveness totaled \$50.6 million in the fourth quarter, down \$1.5 million, or 2.9%, linked-quarter, principally due to a seasonal decline in insurance commissions. In 2019, noninterest income before negative hedge ineffectiveness totaled \$198.6 million, an increase of \$16.1 million, or 8.8%, from the prior year.
- ✓ Mortgage loan production in the fourth quarter totaled \$498.5 million, a seasonal decline of 11.9% from the prior quarter and a 64.2% increase year-over-year. Mortgage loan production totaled \$1.76 billion in 2019, up 25.8% from the prior year.
  - Mortgage banking income before negative hedge ineffectiveness totaled \$10.9 million in the fourth quarter, a decline of \$1.0 million, or 8.6%, from the prior quarter.
  - Mortgage banking income before negative hedge ineffectiveness totaled \$41.3 million in 2019, an increase of \$9.1 million, or 28.1%, from the prior year. Including negative hedge ineffectiveness of \$11.5 million, mortgage banking income in 2019 totaled \$29.8 million, down 14.0% from the prior year.
- ✓ Insurance revenue totaled \$42.4 million in 2019, up 4.7% from the prior year. Wealth management revenue totaled \$30.7 million, up 1.1% from the prior year.

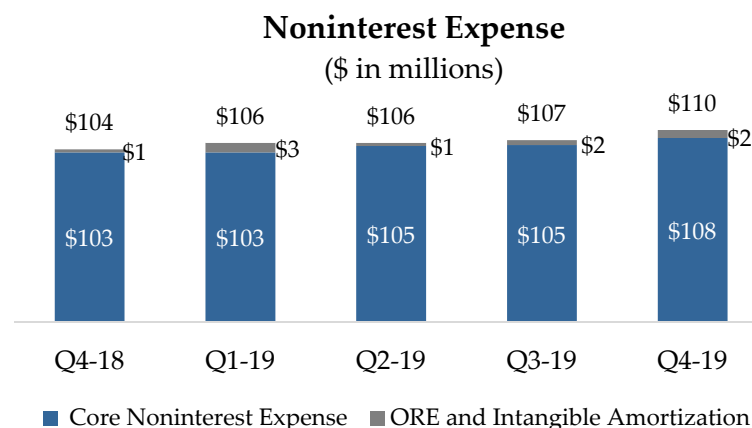
Source: Company reports

(1) Totals may not foot due to rounding

(2) Revenue excludes interest on acquired loans and negative hedge ineffectiveness

# Income Statement Highlights – Noninterest Expense

	Core Noninterest Expense <sup>1</sup> - (\$ in millions)		Change	
	Q4-19	2019	LQ	'18-'19
Salaries & Benefits	\$ 62.3	\$ 247.7	\$ (0.2)	\$ 9.7
Services & Fees	19.5	73.3	0.7	6.9
Net Occupany - premises	6.5	26.1	(0.4)	(0.6)
Equipment Expense	5.9	23.7	(0.1)	(1.1)
FDIC Assessment Expense	1.5	6.4	0.1	(3.0)
Other Expense	11.9	43.6	2.2	0.8
<b>Core Noninterest Expense</b>	<b>\$ 107.5</b>	<b>\$ 421.0</b>	<b>\$ 2.2</b>	<b>\$ 12.8</b>



- ✓ Core noninterest expense, which excludes ORE and intangible amortization, totaled \$421.0 million in 2019, an increase of 3.1% from the prior year. In the fourth quarter, core noninterest expense totaled \$107.5 million, a 2.1% increase from the prior quarter.
  - Salaries and employee benefits decreased \$176 thousand from the prior quarter due to seasonally lower insurance commissions
  - Services and fees increased \$662 thousand from the prior quarter, reflecting continued software investments designed to improve efficiency and customer experience as well as an increase in advertising expense and professional fees

Source: Company reports

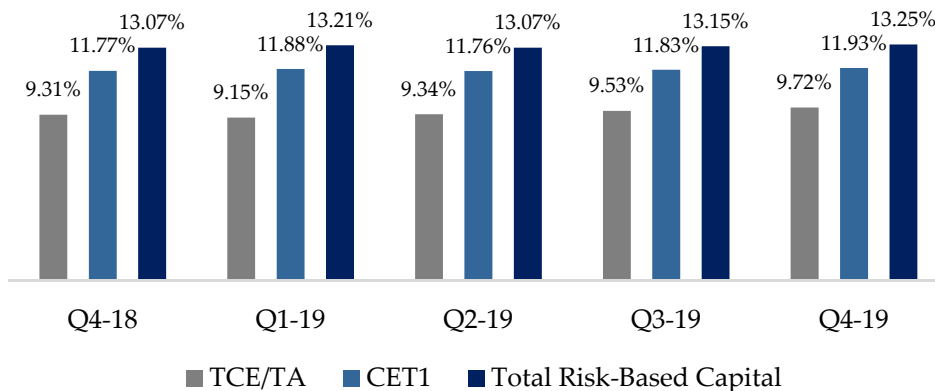
(1) Excludes ORE and intangible amortization

# Capital Management

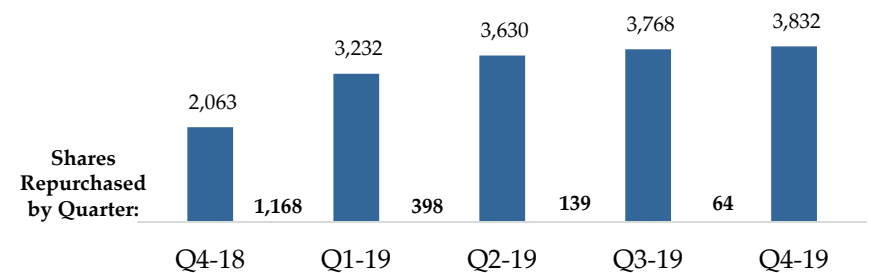
Solid capital position reflects consistent profitability of diversified financial services businesses

- ✓ During the fourth quarter, Trustmark repurchased approximately \$2.2 million, or 64 thousand shares of its outstanding common stock. Trustmark repurchased \$56.6 million, or approximately 1.8 million of its common shares in 2019.
- ✓ At December 31, 2019, Trustmark had \$80.3 million in remaining authority under its existing stock repurchase program, which expires March 31, 2020.
- ✓ The Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program, effective April 1, 2020, under which \$100 million of Trustmark's outstanding shares may be acquired through December 31, 2021. This repurchase program, which is subject to market conditions and management discretion, will be implemented through open market repurchases or privately negotiated transactions.

### Capital Ratios



### Cumulative Shares Repurchased<sup>(1)</sup> (in thousands)



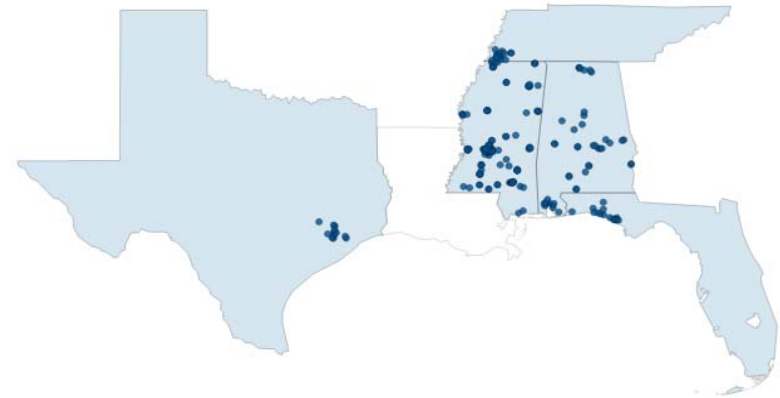
Source: Company reports  
(1) Cumulative from 2016

# Trustmark Corporation

## Who We Are

- ✓ Diversified financial services company headquartered in Jackson, MS, offering banking, wealth management, and risk management solutions throughout the Southeast U.S.
- ✓ Our vision is to be a premier financial services provider in our marketplace.
- ✓ Our mission is to achieve outstanding customer satisfaction by providing banking, wealth management, and risk management solutions through superior sales and service, utilizing excellent people, teamwork, and diversity, while meeting our corporate financial goals.

## Our Footprint



## Strategic Priorities to Enhance Shareholder Value

### Profitable Revenue Generation

- ✓ Organic growth across banking, mortgage, insurance and wealth management businesses
- ✓ Expansion into growth markets across the Southeast via mergers and acquisitions

### Leverage Technology Investments

- ✓ Enhance the customer experience
- ✓ Continuously improve productivity and efficiency

### Credit Quality

- ✓ Maintain disciplined underwriting and pricing

### Effective Risk Management and Compliance

- ✓ Enhance understanding and management of risk across the enterprise
- ✓ Ensure regulatory compliance